C	1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEA BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
	·	791 14284
01	waship	1008 3294
O1 Cit	2FULL NAME PELLO Lelle	Idruio Haspital St.: Ward) [If death occurs haspital or ins give its NAME of street and nu
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	2 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SE	4 COLOR OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED OR DIVORCED (W'rite the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH (Month) (Day)
6 DA	(Month) (Day) (Year) (If LESS than 1 day,hrsormin.?	I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased the state of t
(a) par (b) bus whi	CUPATION Trade, profession, or ticular kind of work General nature of industry iness, or establishment in ch employed (or employer)	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: 1-7A Colonia of the Train Y2A (Duration) The Omes
Štato	or foreign country) 10 NAME OF FATHER FOR THE CO. C.	CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary)
ARENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME/	aper 8, 1915 (Address) 500. S. Lings
Δ.	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Cause (10 Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homi 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Trans or Recent Residents) At place In the
	neormant) Mayue Commers	of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmos Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
	AFR - 8 1915 mark Starkloff	19 BLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL TO SUPERIOR TO SUPER

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Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)